IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Application For Reissue of U.S. Patent No. 6,000,374

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Inventor:

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For:

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MULTI-CYCLE, ENGINE BRAKING WITH POSITIVE POWER VALVE

ACTUATION CONTROL SYSTEM AND PROCESS FOR USING THE

SAME

Attorney Docket #:

34090-06263

Commissioner for Patents

BOX REISSUE

Washington, D.C. 20231

Preliminary Amendment in Reissue Application

Dear Sir:

Pursuant to 37 CFR § 1.173, please amend the above-referenced reissue application, attached hereto, by deleting and/or adding text as indicated below:

IN THE BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS:

Replace the paragraph beginning at column 12, line 10 with the following:

Fig. 4 is a plan schematic view illustrating the [dual cam] <u>rocker arm</u> arrangement and dedicated brake rocker for a compression release-type engine brake according to the present invention;

Delete the paragraph beginning at column 12, line 13.

Replace the paragraph beginning at column 12, line 15 with the following:

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s ²	Fig. 6 is a cross-sectional view of [the exhaust] <u>a common</u> rocker shaft [of Fig. 5 along section line I-I] <u>and a solenoid valve according to one embodiment of the present invention:</u>
	invention; Replace the paragraph beginning at column 12, line 17 with the following:
03	Fig. 7 is a partial cross-sectional view of [the] <u>an</u> exhaust rocker arm [of Fig. 5 along section lines II-II and III-III] <u>according to one embodiment of the present invention;</u>
	Replace the paragraph beginning at column 12, line 19 with the following:
art O	Fig. 8 is [a partial cross-sectional] <u>an overhead</u> view of [the] <u>an</u> exhaust rocker arm [of Fig. 7 along section line IV-IV] <u>according to one embodiment of the present</u>
	<u>invention;</u>
	Delete the paragraph beginning at column 12, line 21.
	Delete the paragraph beginning at column 12, line 23.
= 	Replace the paragraph beginning at column 12, line 25 with the following:
- A	Fig. 11 is a partial cross-sectional view of [the] an intake rocker arm [of Fig. 10
	along section lines V-V and VI-VI] according to one embodiment of the present
	<u>invention</u> ;
	Replace the paragraph beginning at column 12, line 27 with the following:
ه م	Fig. 12 is a cross-sectional view of [the] an intake rocker arm [of Fig. 11 along
	section line VII-VII] according to one embodiment of the present invention;
	Delete the paragraph beginning at column 12, line 29.
	Replace the paragraph beginning at column 12, line 31 with the following:
a ²	Fig. 14 is a partial cross-sectional view of [the] <u>a</u> brake rocker arm [of Fig. 13 along section line VIII-VIII] <u>according to one embodiment of the present invention;</u>
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Delete the paragraph beginning at column 12, line 33.

Delete the paragraph beginning at column 12, line 35.

Delete the paragraph beginning at column 12, line 37.

Add the following paragraphs at column 12, line 43:

Fig. 19 is an enlarged cross-section view of a lash adjuster according to one embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 20 is a side view of an exhaust rocker arm according to an alternate embodiment of the present invention; and

Fig. 21 is a side view of an intake rocker arm according to an alternate embodiment of the present invention.

IN THE DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION:

Replace the paragraph beginning at column 12, line 45 with the following:

Reference will now be made in detail to a preferred embodiment of the present invention, an example of which is illustrated in the accompanying drawings. Fig. 4 and Fig. 18 illustrate a schematic view of the valve side of [dual cam shaft] a rocker arm arrangement and dedicated brake cam rocker for a compression release-type engine brake assembly 10 according to the present invention. The compression release engine brake components and the valve actuation components are located in rocker arms 100, 200, and 300.

Replace the paragraph beginning at column 12, line 54 with the following:

The rocker arms 100, 200, and 300 are spaced along a common rocker shaft 11 having at least one passage. The common rocker shaft 11 has a passage 12 through

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which a supply of engine oil flows therethrough, as shown in Fig. 6. The common rocker shaft 11 also has a supply passage 13 which supplies hydraulic fluid to an exhaust rocker arm 100 and an intake rocker arm 200. A valve 30 is located on the common rocker shaft 11, as shown in Fig. 6. The valve 30 is preferably a normally open solenoid valve, as shown in Fig. 6. It, however, is contemplated by the inventors of the present invention that other suitable yalves may be substituted and are considered to be within the scope of the present invention. The valve 30 includes a connector assembly 31 for electrically connecting the valve 30 to a vehicle voltage source[, not shown]. The valve 30 when in an open position permits the flow of hydraulic fluid from passage 1/2 to supply passage 13. The rocker arms 100, 200 and 300 correspond to a cam shaft 20 having three spaced cam lobes 21, 22, and 23. Exhaust cam lobe 21 corresponds to an exhaust rocker arm 100, as shown in Fig. 7. Intake cam lobe 22 corresponds to an intake rocker arm 200, as shown in Fig. 11. Brake cam lobe 23 corresponds to a brake rocker arm 300, as shown in Fig. 14. The exhaust cam lobe 21 and the intake cam lobe 22 are oriented and timed to effect normal valve operation, as in a typical four-stroke internal combustion engine, of the type known in the prior art.

Replace the paragraph beginning at column 13, line 17 with the following:

The brake cam lobe **23** includes a first compression release lobe. In a preferred embodiment, <u>as shown in Fig. 3</u>, the [profile of the lobe starts at about 35°. The] first compression release [lobe] <u>event 1</u> is timed to start <u>at</u> about 40° before compression top dead center (TDC), then reach maximum opening around compression top dead center.

The first compression release event is timed to then [Then] start closing after compression top dead center, staying partially open for a period, as shown by the exhaust gas recirculation event 2, and then closing around bottom dead center[,]. [and finish just after compression TDC.] A second [lobe] compression release event 3 is timed to start about [1000] 40° before exhaust TDC [after compression TDC] and finish by [200°] 70° after [compression] exhaust TDC.

Replace the paragraph beginning at column 13, line 28 with the following:

Means for effecting exhaust valve operation will now be described in connection with Figs. [5-9] 7 and 8. The means includes an exhaust rocker arm 100 that is rotatably mounted on the common rocker shaft 11. A first end of the exhaust rocker arm 100 includes an exhaust cam lobe follower 110. The exhaust cam lobe follower 110 preferably includes a roller follower 111 that is in contact with the exhaust can lobe 21.

Replace the paragraph beginning at column 13, line 35 with the following:

A second end of the exhaust rocker arm 100 has a lash adjuster 120. The lash adjuster 120 is adjacent to a crosshead 130. The lash adjuster 120 is described in detail below. The crosshead 130 is preferably a bridge device that is capable of opening two exhaust valves simultaneously. The exhaust rocker arm 100 also includes a control valve 140 that includes a spring ball assembly 141, as shown in Fig. 8. The control valve 140 is in communication with a fluid passageway 150 that extends through the exhaust rocker arm 100 to the lash adjuster 120. The control valve 140 is also in

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communication with a fluid passageway **160** that extends between the control valve **140** and supply passage **13** of the common rocker shaft **11**, as shown in Fig. 7.

Replace the paragraph beginning at column 13, line 48 with the following:

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The passage **12** is connected to passage **14** which supplies hydraulic fluid to provide lubrication between the exhaust rocker arm **100** and the common rocker shaft **11**. The passage **14** also supplies lubricant through passage **15** to the exhaust cam lobe follower **110** such that the <u>exhaust</u> roller follower **111** [smoothly follows cam **21]** <u>is lubricated</u>.

Replace paragraph beginning at column 13, line 54 with the following:

Means for effecting intake valve operation will now be described in connection with Figs. [10-12] 11 and 12. The means includes an intake rocker arm 200 that is rotatably mounted on the common rocker shaft 11. A first end of the intake rocker arm 200 may include an intake cam lobe follower 210, as described above in connection with exhaust rocker arm 100. The intake roller follower 211 of the intake cam lobe follower 210 is in contact with the intake cam lobe 22. However, it is contemplated that other cam followers[, such as, for example, a roller follower] are considered to be within the scope of the present invention.

Replace the paragraph beginning at column 13 line 64 with the following:

A second end of the intake rocker arm 200 has a lash adjuster 220. The lash adjuster 220 has the same design as the lash adjuster 120 described above in connection with the exhaust[er] rocker arm 100. The lash adjuster 220 is adjacent to a crosshead 230. The lash adjuster 220 is described in detail below. The crosshead 230

is also preferably a bridge device that is capable of opening two intake valves simultaneously. The intake rocker arm 200 also includes a control valve 240. The control valve 240 is in communication with a fluid passageway 250 that extends through the exhaust rocker arm 200 to the lash adjuster 220, as shown in Fig. 12. The control valve 240 has the same construction as the control valve 140 described above in connection with the exhaust rocker arm 100. The control valve 240 is also in communication with a fluid passageway 260 that extends between the control valve 240 and supply passage 13 of the common rocker shaft 11, as shown in Fig. 11.

Replace the paragraph beginning at column 14, line 14

The passage 12 is connected to passage [15] 16 which supplies hydraulic fluid to provide lubrication between the [exhaust] intake rocker arm 200 and the common rocker shaft 11. The passage [14] 16 also supplies lubricant through passage [17] 25 to the [exhaust] intake cam lobe follower 210 such that the intake roller follower 211 [smoothly follows cam 22] is lubricated. Alternatively, the common rocker shaft 11 may be provided with a third passage 18, as shown in Fig. 18. The third passage 18 supplies lubricant to the cam lobe [following] followers 110, 210 and 310.

Replace the paragraph beginning at column 14, line 23 with the following:

Means for effecting two cycle engine braking will now be described in connection with [Figs. 13-15] Fig. 14. The means includes a brake rocker arm 300 that is rotatably mounted on the common rocker shaft 11. A first end of the brake rocker arm 300 includes a brake cam lobe follower 310. The brake cam lobe follower 310 preferably includes a roller follower 311 that is in contact with the brake cam lobe 31.

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A second end of the brake rocker arm 300 has an actuator piston 320. The actuator piston 320 is spaced from the crosshead pin 133 of the crosshead 130 [of the exhaust rocker arm 100]. When activated, [the brake rocker arm 300 and] the actuator piston 320 contacts the crosshead pin 133 of the crosshead 130 to open the at least one exhaust valve. The brake rocker arm 300 also includes a combination control valve/solenoid valve 340. The valve 340 is in communication with a fluid passageway 350 that extends through the brake rocker arm 300 to the actuator piston 320, as shown in Fig. 14. The valve 340 is also in communication with a fluid passageway 360 that extends between the valve 340 and passage 12 of the common rocker shaft 11. The valve 340 [is] preferably includes an electronically operated solenoid valve 344. The valve 340 includes a connector assembly 341 for electrically connecting the [control] solenoid valve 344 to a vehicle -- which supplies voltage at the proper time.

Replace the paragraph beginning at column 14, line 47 with the following:

The above-described brake rocker arm 300 includes [a] the valve 340 [including a solenoid valve] mounted [on the rocker arm 300] thereon. It is contemplated and preferred by the inventors of the present invention that the solenoid valve 344 of the valve 340 may be relocated to the common rocker shaft 11. As shown in Fig. 18, solenoid valve 344 is located on the common rocker shaft 11. With this arrangement, any difficulties with electrically connecting the valve to the vehicle are avoided because the solenoid valve 344 would not rotate with the rocker arm. The brake rocker arm 300 would include a control valve 342 therein similar to control valves 140 and 240,

described above. Hydraulic fluid would then be fed to the rocker arm **300** through the solenoid valve **344** on the common rocker shaft **11** to the control valve **342** on the rocker arm to operate the actuator [portion] <u>piston</u> **320**.

Replace the paragraph beginning at column 15, line 6 with the following:

The lash adjuster 120 will now be described in connection with Fig. [9] 19. The lash adjuster 120 is mounted in the second end of the exhaust rocker arm 100, as shown in Fig. [9] 19. The lash adjuster 120 includes an inner plunger 121 and an outer plunger 122. The outer plunger 122 includes a ring 1221 that is positioned within groove 170 within the exhaust rocker arm 100, as shown in Fig. [9] 19. The inner plunger 121 is slidably received within the outer plunger 122. In operation, hydraulic fluid flows into a cavity 1211 in the inner plunger 121. As the cavity 1211 fills with fluid, the check ball valve 1213 is biased downwardly to open aperture 1210 in the inner plunger 121. Hydraulic fluid then flows into cavity 1222 [in] between the outer plunger 122 and the inner plunger 121. As the cavity 1222 is filled with fluid, the outer [piston] plunger [121] 122 moves downward to an extended position to engage crosshead [pin] 130. The downward movement of the outer [piston] plunger [121] 122 is limited by the ring 1221 engaging the lower surface of groove 170.

Replace the paragraph beginning at column 15, line 37 with the following:

Fig. 3 depicts the exhaust valve opening and remaining open for optimum engine braking. As shown in Fig. 3, the motion begins [at the] before the TDC of the first compression stroke. Additionally, the extended plateaus shown during which the exhaust valve remains open but with a reduced valve opening, permits drawing exhaust

gas from the exhaust manifold into the cylinder as the piston travels away from the cylinder head. The exhaust valve closes and the entrapped exhaust gas is compressed and then released providing a second engine braking cycle 3. The motion of the intake valve will now be described. [Subsequently, the intake valve opens, air is drawn into the cylinder and compressed and then released providing a first engine braking cycle. Subsequently, the intake valve opens, air is drawn into the cylinder and compressed repeating the two-cycle braking.] The intake valve's opening 4 is modified (from its positive power timing 8) to occur after TDC of the second braking cycle 3 to insure the compressed exhaust gas is not vented into the intake manifold.

Replace the paragraph beginning at column 15, line 55

The operation of the exhaust rocker arm 100 will now be described during positive power operation. During positive power, the [control] valve 30 is opened. The [control] valve 30 is preferably a normally open three way solenoid valve. The solenoid valve 30 permits the flow of hydraulic fluid from passage 12 to supply passage 13. Fluid then flows through passageway 160 to control valve 140. The spring ball assembly 141 of the control valve 140 is unseated to allow hydraulic fluid to flow through passageway 150 to lash adjuster 120. The lash adjuster 120 is extended to a fully extended normal operating position such that the lash adjuster 120 is in contact with the crosshead 130. When pressure within the control valve 140, specifically the spring ball assembly 141 equalizes a hydraulic lock forms which allows the lash adjuster 120 to remain in an extended position. Accordingly, the exhaust rocker arm 100 will activate exhaust valve openings in response to exhaust cam lobe 21.

Replace the paragraph beginning at column 16, line 8 with the following:

The operation of the intake rocker arm 200 during positive power operation will now be described. As described above in connection with the exhaust rocker arm 100, the solenoid valve 30 is in an open position. The [spring ball assembly 241 of] solenoid valve 30 permits the flow of hydraulic fluid from passage 12 to supply passage 13. Fluid then flows through passageway 260 to control valve 240. The spring ball assembly 241 of the [The] control valve 240 is unseated to allow hydraulic fluid to flow through passageway 250 to lash adjuster 220. The lash adjuster 220 is extended to a fully extended normal operating position such that the lash adjuster 220 is in contact with the crosshead 230. The control valve 240 operates in a similar manner to control valve 140, described above, to form a hydraulic lock that allows the lash adjuster 220 to remain in an extended position. Accordingly, the intake rocker arm 200 will actuate intake valve openings in response to intake cam lobe 22.

Replace the paragraph beginning at column 16, line 25 with the following:

The operation of the brake rocker arm **300** during positive power operation will now be described. The [solenoid] valve **340** is closed. During positive power, the solenoid valve **344** of the valve **340** remains closed. Accordingly, the actuator piston **320** remains in a [seated] retracted position, as shown in [Figs. 14 and 15] Fig. 14. The brake rocker arm **300** will remain in a disabled position during positive power.

Replace the paragraph beginning at column 16, line 35 with the following:

The operation of the exhaust rocker arm **100** will now be described during an engine braking operation. During engine braking, the solenoid valve **30** is operated to stop the

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flow of hydraulic fluid through passage 13. The control valve 140 is [opened] in the off position. This permits the hydraulic fluid trapped within passageway 150, as described above in connection with the positive power operation to be vented[.]. [The spring ball assembly 141] [prevents] preventing the additional supply of hydraulic fluid to passageway 150. This causes the lash adjuster 120 to retract. As a result, exhaust valve openings cease during the engine braking operation. A spring, not shown, may be provided to prevent vibration and chatter of the exhaust rocker arm 100 when in the above described disabled position.

Replace the paragraph beginning at column 16, line 50 with the following:

The operation of the intake rocker arm 200 will now be described during an engine braking operation. During engine braking, the solenoid valve 30 is operated to stop the flow of hydraulic fluid through passage 12, as described above. A control valve 240 is operated to vent the hydraulic fluid in a similar manner as described above in connection with the exhaust rocker arm 100. The preset stop of the lash adjuster 220 prevents the lash adjuster 220 from fully retracting. Accordingly, the intake rocker arm 200 is not fully disabled during the engine braking operation. The total cam lift of the intake cam lobe 22 is not transferred into valve lift. This has the effect of delaying the time event to occur after exhaust top dead center. The opening of the intake valve is delayed due to the partially retracted position of lash adjuster 220. The opening is delayed until the cylinder is vented through the open exhaust valve immediately following the second compression braking cycle 3, as shown in Fig. 3.

Replace the paragraph beginning at column 17, line 1 with the following:

The operation of the brake rocker arm 300 during an engine braking operation will now be described. During engine braking, the [solenoid] valve 340 is operated. Hydraulic fluid is permitted to flow from passage 12 through passageway 360 to passageway 350. The actuator piston 320 then extends to a fully extended position such that it contacts pin 133 on crosshead 130. When the passageway 350 is filled with hydraulic fluid and the pressure is equalized within valve 340, a hydraulic lock is formed thus holding the actuator piston 320 in an extended position. The operation of the exhaust valve is now controlled by the brake rocker arm 300 in response to actuation by the brake cam lobe 23. The operation of the exhaust valves will occur in response to the profile of the brake cam lobe 23.

Replace the paragraph beginning at column 17, line 54 with the following:

Continuing with the embodiments in the accompanying figures, Fig. [16] <u>20</u> is an alternative embodiment for the means for effecting exhaust valve operation. The exhaust rocker arm **1000** is rotatably mounted on the common rocker shaft **11**. A first end of the exhaust rocker arm **1000** includes an exhaust cam lobe follower [110] <u>111</u>.

Replace the paragraph beginning at column 17, line 60 with the following:

A second end of the exhaust rocker arm 1000 has a lash adjuster 120. The lash adjuster 120 is connected adjacent to a crosshead 130. The crosshead 130 is preferably a bridge device that is capable of opening two valves simultaneously. The exhaust rocker arm 1000 also includes a combination control valve/solenoid valve 1400. The [solenoid control] valve 1400 is in communication with a fluid passageway 150 that extends through the exhaust rocker arm 100 to the lash adjuster 120. The [solenoid

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control] valve **1400** is also in communication with a fluid passageway [160] **16** that extends between the [solenoid] valve [140] **1400** and supply passage 13 of the common rocker shaft **11**. The [solenoid] valve **1400** combines the <u>solenoid</u> valve **30** and the [solenoid] <u>control</u> valve **140** into a single assembly.

Replace the paragraph beginning at column 18, line 7 with the following:

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Fig. [17] 21 is an alternative embodiment for the means for effecting intake valve operation. The intake rocker arm 2000 is rotatably mounted on the common rocker shaft 11. A second end of the intake rocker arm 2000 has a lash adjuster 220. The intake rocker arm 2000 also includes a combination control valve/solenoid valve 2400. The [solenoid] valve 2400 is in communication with a fluid passageway 250 that extends through the exhaust rocker arm 2000 to the lash adjuster 220. The solenoid valve 2400 has the same construction as the [solenoid] valve 1400 described above in connection with the exhaust rocker arm 1000.

Replace the paragraph beginning at column 18, line 22 with the following:

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It will be apparent to those skilled in the arts that various modifications and variations can be made in the construction and configuration of the present invention, without departing from the scope or spirit of the invention. Several variations have been discussed in the preceding text. Furthermore, it is contemplated that the present invention may be used with a common rail camless type engine whereby the above described [rocker arms] engine valves may be electronically operated. Others will be apparent to persons of ordinary skills in the art. It is intended that the present invention